

IN THE COURSE OF ANY EXAMINATION, INVESTIGATION, OR HEARING CONDUCTED BY HIM, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY SUBPOENA WITNESSES, ADMINISTER OATHS, EXAMINE AN INDIVIDUAL UNDER OATH, AND COMPEL PRODUCTION OF RECORDS, BOOKS, PAPERS, CONTRACTS, AND OTHER DOCUMENTS.

(B) INFORMATION INADMISSIBLE IN CRIMINAL PROCEEDING.

INFORMATION OBTAINED UNDER THIS SECTION IS NOT ADMISSIBLE IN A LATER CRIMINAL PROCEEDING AGAINST THE PERSON WHO PROVIDES THE EVIDENCE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section presently appears as Art. 83, §22(b).

Reference to "an authorized assistant Attorney General" is deleted as unnecessary since the powers of the Attorney General, even without specific reference, may be delegated to an assistant. Reference to the administration of "affirmations" is deleted as unnecessary since Art. 1, §9 of the Code provides that an "oath" may be made by affirmation.

The only other changes are in style.

13-406. INJUNCTION.

(A) ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY SEEK INJUNCTION.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL MAY SEEK AN INJUNCTION TO PROHIBIT A PERSON WHO HAS ENGAGED OR IS ENGAGING IN A VIOLATION OF THIS TITLE FROM CONTINUING OR ENGAGING IN THE VIOLATION.

(B) NOTICE OF RELIEF SOUGHT.

THE ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL SERVE NOTICE OF THE GENERAL RELIEF SOUGHT ON THE ALLEGED VIOLATOR AT LEAST SEVEN DAYS BEFORE THE ACTION FOR AN INJUNCTION IS FILED.

(C) ORDER OF COURT.

THE COURT MAY ENTER ANY ORDER OF JUDGMENT NECESSARY TO:

(1) PREVENT THE USE BY A PERSON OF ANY PROHIBITED PRACTICE;

(2) RESTORE TO A PERSON ANY MONEY OR REAL OR PERSONAL PROPERTY ACQUIRED FROM HIM BY MEANS OF ANY PROHIBITED PRACTICE; OR